

### **IX.** List of Practicals

S.No.	Topic	No of Practicals
1	Selection and delineation of a watershed	3
2	Benchmark surveys	2
3	Preparation of watershed land use map	2
4	Preparation of watershed development proposal	3
5	Preparation of watershed evaluation and impact assessment report	2
6	Application of watershed models for evaluation of conservation	
	treatments	2
7	Use of Remote Sensing and GIS in watershed management and	
	modelling	2
	Total	16

### X. Suggested Reading

- Dhaliwal GS Hansra BS and Ladhar SS. 1993. Wetlands, their Conservation and Management. Punjab Agricultural University, Ludhiana.
- Dhruvanarayana VV, Sastry G and Patnaik US. *Watershed Management*. Publ. and Inf. Dv., ICAR, Krishi Anusandhan Bhavan, New Delhi.
- Singh RV. 2000. Watershed Planning and Management. Second Edition Yash Publishing House, Bikaner.
- Suresh R. 2017. Watershed Planning and Management. Standard Publication and Distribution, Delhi.
- Tideman EM. 1999. Watershed Management (Guidelines for Indian Conditions). Omega Scientific Publishers, New Delhi.
- I. Course Title : Flow Through Porous Media
- II. Course Code : SWCE 506
- III. Credit Hours : 2+0

### IV. Aim of the course

To provide comprehensive knowledge to the students in aquifer and fluid properties, unsaturated flow theory and movement of groundwater in fractured and swelling porous media.

### V. Theory

# Unit I

Aquifer and fluid properties, forces holding water in soils, hydrodynamics in porous media and limitations of governing laws.

# Unit II

Differential equations of saturated flow, initial and boundary conditions. Dupuit and Business approximations and linearization techniques.

### Unit III

Stream functions, potential functions and flow net theory. Analysis of seepage from canals and ditches.

# Unit IV

Unsaturated flow theory, Infiltration and capillary rise flux dynamics. Movement of groundwater in fractured and swelling porous media.



### Unit V

Hydro-dynamic dispersion in soil-aquifer system. Velocity hydrograph, flow characteristics at singular points, examples of velocity hydrograph, solution by complex velocity, solution of triangular dam, drainage in retaining structures, influence of seepage on stability of slopes, drainage methods for stability of slopes.

# VI. Learning outcome

The students will be able to understand physical properties of flow through porous media. Competence on various laws governing dynamics of flow through porous media. Understanding of hydrodynamics in porous media, governing laws and boundary conditions.

S.No.	Topic	No. of Lectures
1.	Aquifer and its classification, properties of aquifers and fluids	1
2.	Forces responsible for holding water in soil and movement,	
	hydrostatic pressure distribution	1
3.	Porosity, permeability and hydraulic conductivity: its importance in	
	fluids flow	1
4.	Hydrodynamics in porous media: Continuum approach to porous	
	media, Representative Elementary Volume (REV), linear and aerial	
	porosity, velocity and specific discharge relationship in porous medium	3
5.	Generalization of Darcy Law in isotropic and anisotropic layered porous	3
	medium, deviation from Darcy Law and limitations of governing	
	laws in flow through porous media	3
6.	Saturated flow: Differential equations for flow through saturated	
	medium, initial and boundary conditions, types of boundary	
	conditions, boundary and initial value problems	3
7.	Dupuit and Boussinesq approximations and linearization:	
	Dupuit assumption and equation, Boussinesq linearization Techniques	
	and solutions	3
8.	Unsaturated flow theory: Continuity and conservation equations for	
	a homogeneous fluid in non-deforming medium and deforming	
	medium, continuity equation for compressible fluid and moveable	
	solid matrix	6
9.	Infiltration and capillary rise flux dynamics, movement of groundwater	
	in fractured and swelling porous media	2
10.	Stream and potential functions: Stream functions in two and three	
	dimensional flow, potential functions and flow net theory	3
11.	Analysis of seepage from canals and ditches	2
12.	Hydro-dynamic dispersion in soil-aquifer system: Hydro-dynamic	
	dispersion, derivation of dispersion and diffusion equation	3
13.	Velocity hydrograph: Flow characteristics at singular points, examples	
	of velocity hydrograph, solution by complex velocity, solution of	
	triangular dam, drainage in retaining structures, influence of seepage	
	on stability of slopes, drainage methods for stability of slopes	3
	Total	34

#### **VII. Lecture Schedule**

### X. Suggested Reading

• Bears J. 1972. *Dynamics of Fluids in Porous Media*. American Elsevier Publishing Co. Inc. New York.



- Bear J and Arnold V. *Modeling Groundwater Flow and Pollution*. D. Reidel Publishing Company.
- Collins RE. 1961. *Flow of Fluids through Porous Materials*. Reinhold publishing cooperation, New York.
- Core AT Flow in Porous Media.
- De Wiest Roger JM. 1969. Flow through Porous Media. Academic press, New York.
- Helmut K Soil Physics. pp. 7-79.
- Verruijt A. 1982. Theory of Groundwater Flow. 2nd Edn., Macmillan, London

I. Course Title	:	GIS and Remote Sensing for Land and Water
		Resource Management

II. Course Code : SWCE 507/IDE 507

III. Credit Hours : 2+1

### IV. Aim of the course

To acquaint students with recent technology of RS and GIS including satellite data analysis, digital image processing and thematic mapping of land use, surface and ground water.

### V. Theory

# Unit I

Physics of remote sensing, electromagnetic radiation (EMR), interaction of EMR with atmosphere, earth surface, soil, water and vegetation. Remote sensing platform, monitoring atmosphere, land and water resources: LANDSAT, SPOT, ERS, IKONOS and others, Indian Space Programme.

# Unit II

Satellite Data analysis: Visual interpretation, digital image processing, image preprocessing, image enhancement, image classification and data merging.

# Unit III

Definition: Basic components of GIS, map projections and co-ordinate system, spatial data structure-raster, vector, spatial relationship, topology, geodatabase models, hierarchical network, relational, object-oriented models, integrated GIS database-common sources of error-data quality: Macro, micro and usage level components, meta data, Spatial data transfer standards.

# Unit IV

Thematic mapping, measurements in GIS: Length, perimeter and areas. Query analysis, reclassification: Buffering, neighbourhood functions, map overlay: Vector and raster overlay: Interpolation, network analysis, digital elevation modelling. Analytical Hierarchy Process, Object oriented GIS-AM/FM/GIS, Web Based GIS.

# Unit V

Spatial data sources: 4M GIS approach water resources system, Thematic maps, rainfall runoff modelling, groundwater modelling, water quality modelling and flood inundation mapping and modelling. Drought monitoring, cropping pattern change analysis, performance evaluation of irrigation commands. Site selection for artificial recharge, reservoir sedimentation.

### **VI.** Practical

Familiarization with the Remote sensing instruments and satellite imagery. Aerial