

- Bear J and Arnold V. *Modeling Groundwater Flow and Pollution*. D. Reidel Publishing Company.
- Collins RE. 1961. *Flow of Fluids through Porous Materials*. Reinhold publishing cooperation, New York.
- Core AT *Flow in Porous Media*.
- De Wiest Roger JM. 1969. *Flow through Porous Media*. Academic press, New York.
- Helmut K *Soil Physics*. pp. 7-79.
- Verruijt A. 1982. *Theory of Groundwater Flow*. 2nd Edn., Macmillan, London

I. Course Title : GIS and Remote Sensing for Land and Water Resource Management

II. Course Code : SWCE 507/IDE 507

III. Credit Hours : 2+1

IV. Aim of the course

To acquaint students with recent technology of RS and GIS including satellite data analysis, digital image processing and thematic mapping of land use, surface and ground water.

V. Theory

Unit I

Physics of remote sensing, electromagnetic radiation (EMR), interaction of EMR with atmosphere, earth surface, soil, water and vegetation. Remote sensing platform, monitoring atmosphere, land and water resources: LANDSAT, SPOT, ERS, IKONOS and others, Indian Space Programme.

Unit II

Satellite Data analysis: Visual interpretation, digital image processing, image pre-processing, image enhancement, image classification and data merging.

Unit III

Definition: Basic components of GIS, map projections and co-ordinate system, spatial data structure-raster, vector, spatial relationship, topology, geodatabase models, hierarchical network, relational, object-oriented models, integrated GIS database-common sources of error-data quality: Macro, micro and usage level components, meta data, Spatial data transfer standards.

Unit IV

Thematic mapping, measurements in GIS: Length, perimeter and areas. Query analysis, reclassification: Buffering, neighbourhood functions, map overlay: Vector and raster overlay: Interpolation, network analysis, digital elevation modelling. Analytical Hierarchy Process, Object oriented GIS-AM/FM/GIS, Web Based GIS.

Unit V

Spatial data sources: 4M GIS approach water resources system, Thematic maps, rainfall runoff modelling, groundwater modelling, water quality modelling and flood inundation mapping and modelling. Drought monitoring, cropping pattern change analysis, performance evaluation of irrigation commands. Site selection for artificial recharge, reservoir sedimentation.

VI. Practical

Familiarization with the Remote sensing instruments and satellite imagery. Aerial



Photograph and scale determination with stereoscope. Interpretation of satellite imageries and aerial photographs. Determination of Parallaxes in images. Introduction to digital image processing software and GIS software and their working principles. Generation of digital elevation model (DEM) for land and water resource management. Case studies on mapping, monitoring and management of natural resources using remote sensing and GIS.

VII. Learning outcome

Students will be able to use satellite remote sensing to perform image analysis and classification for developing thematic maps. Able to integrate satellite data with GIS to undertake recourse mapping and planning studies.

VIII. Lecture Schedule

S.No.	Topic	No. of Lectures
1.	Introduction and brief history of RS and GIS, applications of RS and GIS	1
2.	Physics of remote sensing. Electromagnetic radiation (EMR), interaction of EMR with atmosphere, earth surface, soil, water and vegetation	1
3.	Remote sensing platforms: Monitoring atmosphere, land and water resources: LANDSAT, SPOT, ERS, IKONOS and others. Indian Space Programme	2
4.	Satellite data analysis. Visual interpretation.	1
5.	Digital image processing- Image pre-processing, Image enhancement, Image classification, data merging.	3
6.	Basic components of GIS- Map projections and co-ordinate system.	2
7.	Spatial data sources, Thematic maps	1
7.	Spatial data structure: Raster, vector data, Spatial relationship- Topology	1
8.	Geodatabase models: Hierarchical, network, relational, object-oriented models. Integrated GIS database	3
9.	Data quality, Common sources of error, Macro, micro and Usage level components, Meta data and Spatial data transfer standards	2
10.	Measurement in GIS- Length, perimeter and areas	1
10.	Query analysis. Reclassification, Buffering and Neighbourhood functions	1
11.	Map overlay: Vector and raster overlay	1
12.	Interpolation and network analysis	1
13.	Digital elevation modelling. Analytical Hierarchy Process. Object oriented GIS, AM/FM/GIS and Web Based GIS	3
14.	GIS approach to Rainfall runoff modelling, Flood inundation mapping and modelling	2
15.	GIS approach to Groundwater modelling and water quality modelling	2
16.	Site selection for artificial recharge. Reservoir sedimentation	1
17.	Drought monitoring	1
18.	Performance evaluation of irrigation commands	1
19.	Cropping pattern change analysis	1
	Total	32

**IX. List of Practicals**

S.No.	Topic	No. of Practicals
1.	Familiarization with the remote sensing instruments and satellite imagery	1
2.	Methods of establishing ground truth survey and Comparison between ground truth and remotely sensed data	2
3.	Aerial Photograph and scale determination with stereoscope	1
4.	Interpretation of satellite imagery and aerial photograph	1
5.	Determination of Parallaxes in images	1
6.	Demonstration on GPS; Provision of Ground Control by GPS in different mode	1
7.	Introduction to digital image processing software	1
8.	Introduction to GIS software	1
9.	Data input; Data editing and Topology creation -Digitization of point, line & polygon features	
10.	SRTM & CARTO DEM download from web and Georeferencing of an image	1
11.	Delineation of Watershed, DEM generation: slope, Aspect, flow direction, Flow accumulation, Drainage, network and morphometric analysis	2
12.	LULC by supervised classification and LULC by unsupervised classification	1
13.	Application of Remote Sensing data and GIS for water quality parameters	
14.	Temporal satellite data analysis for vegetation condition, crop water requirement calculation	1
15.	Erosion mapping using aerial and satellite Data	1
	Total	17

X. Suggested Reading

- Ian HS, Cornelius and Steve C. 2002. *An Introduction to Geographical Information Systems*. Pearson Education, New Delhi.
- James BC and Randolph HW. 2011. *Introduction to Remote Sensing*. The Guilford Press.
- Lilles TM and Kiefer RW. 2008. *Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation*. John Wiley and Sons.
- Paul Curran PJ. 1985. *Principles of Remote Sensing*. ELBS Publications.
- Rees WG. 2001. *Physical Principles of Remote Sensing*. Cambridge University Press.

I. Course Title : Climate Change and Water Resources

II. Course Code : SWCE 508

III. Credit Hours : 3+0

IV. Aim of the course

To acquaint students about the concept of climate change and its impact on surface and ground water resources. To understand adaptation and mitigation strategy under climate change scenario.

V. Theory**Unit I**

The climate system: Definitions, climate, climate system, climate change. Drivers of climate change, characteristics of climate system components: Greenhouse effect,