

Problems on Moment of Inertia, radius of gyration of composite areas; Analysis of equilibrium of concurrent coplanar and non-concurrent coplanar force system; Problems involved with frictions; Analysis of simple trusses by methods of joints and methods of sections; Analysis of simple trusses by graphical method; Problems on simple stress and strains; Problems on shear and bending moment diagrams. Problems on stresses on beams. Problems on torsion of the shafts; Analysis of plane and complex stresses.

Suggested Readings

1. Bansal, R. K. 2005. *A Text Book of Engineering Mechanics*. Laxmi Publishers, New Delhi.
2. Khurmi, R. S. 2006. *Strength of Materials*. S. Chand Publishing.
3. Khurmi, R. S. 2018. *A Text Book of Engineering Mechanics*. S. Chand Publishing.
4. Prasad, I. B. 2004. *Applied Mechanics and Strength of Materials*. Khanna Publishers, New Delhi.
5. Prasad, I. B. 2004. *Applied Mechanics*. Khanna Publishers, New Delhi.
6. Sundarajan, V. 2002. *Engineering Mechanics and Dynamics*. Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd, New Delhi.
7. Timoshenko, S. and Young, D. H. 2003. *Engineering Mechanics*. McGraw Hill Book Co., New Delhi.

Soil Mechanics

2 (1+1)

Objective

To make the students acquainted with the principles of soil mechanics and the calculation of different stresses in soil, which will be helpful in designing the retaining walls and other engineering structures

Theory

Introduction to soil mechanics, field and scope of soil mechanics; Phase diagram, physical and index properties of soil, particle size distribution, grain size distribution curve, soil indices; plastic limit, liquid limit, shrinkage limit; Classification of soils, effective and neutral stress, Boussinesq and Westerguard's analysis, New-mark's influence chart, stress distribution and diagrams.

Shear stress, Mohr's circle, direct shear stress, triaxial test and vane shear test; Mohr coulomb failure theory, effective stress principle, determination of shear parameters by direct shear test, triangle test and vane shear test. Numerical exercise based on various types of tests.

Compaction of soils, standard and modified protector test, Abbot's compaction and Jodhpur mini compaction test, field compaction method and control; Consolidation of soils, Terzaghi's theory of one-dimensional consolidation, spring analogy, Laboratory consolidation test, calculation of void ratio and coefficient of volume change, Taylor's and Casagrande's method.

Earth pressure: Plastic equilibrium in soils, active and passive states, Rankine's theory of earth pressure, active and passive earth pressure for cohesive soils, simple numerical exercises; Stability of slopes: introduction to stability analysis of infinite and finite slopes friction circle method, Taylor's stability number, friction circle method.

Practical

Determination of moisture content of soil sample; Determination of specific gravity of soil sample; Study of field density by core cutter; Study of bulk density, dry density by sand replacement method; Determination of grain size distribution of coarse grained soil by sieving; Determination of grain size by hydrometer method; Determination of liquid limit by Casagrande apparatus; Determination of liquid limit by cone penetrometer; Determination of plastic limit of soil specimen; Determination of shrinkage limit of soil; Determination of optimum moisture content of saturated soil by Abbot's compaction test; Determination of optimum moisture content of saturated soil by Proctor's mould; Consolidation characteristics of soil; Shear strength of soil by direct shear test; Shear strength of soil by tri-axial shear test.

Suggested Readings

1. Punmia, B. C., Jain, A. K. and Jain, A. K. 2005. *Soil Mechanics and Foundations*. Laxmi Publications (P) Ltd. New Delhi.
2. Ranjan, G. and Rao, A. S. R. 1993. *Basic and Applied Soil Mechanics*. Welley Easters Ltd., New Delhi.
3. Singh, A. 1994. *Soil Engineering*. Vol. I. CBS Publishers and Distributions, Delhi.

Fluid Mechanics and Open Channel Hydraulics

3 (2+1)

Objective

To make the students acquainted with the behaviour of fluids at rest and in motion and to enable them to apply the principles to design simple fluid mechanical systems in engineering

Theory

Properties of fluids: Ideal and real fluid, units; Pressure and its measurement, Pascal's law, pressure forces on plane and curved surfaces, centre of pressure, pressure diagram, application of hydrostatics in engineering structures; Buoyancy, Archimede's principle, metacentre and metacentric height, condition of floatation and stability of submerged and floating bodies.

Kinematics of fluid flow: Lagrangian and Eulerian description of fluid motion, continuity equation, path lines, streak lines and stream lines, stream function, velocity potential and flow net. Types of fluid flow, translation, rotation, circulation and vorticity, vortex motion; Dynamics of fluid flow, Bernoulli's theorem, venturimeter, orifice meter and pitot tube, siphon.

Flow through orifices (measurement of discharge, measurement of time), flow through mouthpieces; Flow over notches, flow over weirs, end contraction of rectangular weirs, ventilation of weirs, various types of nappe.

Laminar and turbulent flow in pipes, general equation for head loss Darcy equation, Moody's diagram, minor and major hydraulic losses through pipes and fittings, flow through network of pipes, hydraulic gradient and energy gradient, Chezy's formula for loss of head in pipes, flow through simple and compound pipes, transmission of power through pipes.

Open channel design and hydraulics: Chezy's formula, Bazin's formula, Kutter's, Manning's formula, best hydraulic section, velocity and pressure profiles in open channels, hydraulic jump; Discharge measurement in open channels: current meter.