losses and well efficiency; Determination of safe yield by Hill's method; Determination of various parameters on groundwater quality; Study on various types of wells; Estimation of groundwater balance; Study of various artificial ground- water recharge structures; Study of centrifugal pumps, multistage centrifugal pumps, installation and testing of centrifugal pump; Visit to a drilling site; Visit to a groundwater project and a river lift project.

# **Suggested Readings**

- 1. Garg, S. P. 1987. Groundwater and Tube Wells. Oxford & IBH Publishing Co. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 2. Lal, R. 1993. Irrigation Hydraulics. Ajiwan Shiksha Sansthan, Allahabad.
- 3. Michael, A. M., Khepar, S. D. and Sondhi, S. K. 2008. *Water Well & Pump Engineering*. Tata Mc-Graw Hill.
- 4. Nagabhusaniah, H. S. 2020. *Groundwater in Hydrosphere*. CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi.
- 5. Raghunath, H. M. 2007. Groundwater. New Age Publications, New Delhi.
- 6. Todd, D. K. and Mays, L. W. 2011. *Groundwater Hydrology*. John Wiley & Sons, New York.

#### Sensors, Artificial Intelligence and Robotics in Agriculture

3 (2+1)

## Objective

To enable the student to know the

- 1. Basics and selection of sensors for different agricultural applications
- 2. Application of artificial intelligence and AI programming techniques
- 3. Problem-solving through search and knowledge representation and reasoning with AI
- 4. Use of open source hardware (arduino and raspberry pi); robot programming, controlling algorithm and basics on neural network

<u>Sensors Fundamentals</u>: Introduction to sensors and transducers; Need for sensors in the agriculture; Sensor Classification; Units of measurements; Sensor characteristics, Active and passive sensors– static characteristics, dynamic characteristics- first and second order sensors; Photoelectric effect – Photo dielectric effect – Hall effect – Thermoelectric effect – Peizoresistive effect – Piezoelectric effect – Pyroelectric effect- Magneto mechanical effect (magnetostriction) – Magneto resistive effect.

Basics of detector materials/ sensor type (Silicon diod, InGaAS- etc.) and their characteristics. Fundamentals of visual, NIR, IR and FTIR spectroscopy, Remote sensing, data acquisition and their analysis; Training and validation of sensor and its results.

<u>Sensors in different applications</u>: Occupancy and motion detectors; Position, displacement, and level; Velocity and acceleration; Force, strain, and tactile Sensors; Pressure sensors, Temperature sensors, Optical sensors and electromagnetic wave detector.

Capacitance sensors; Weather sensors, imaging sensors and their application in agriculture.

Principle and working of sensors for soil moisture, soil temperature, chlorophyll meter, colour sensor, spectral sensor, temperature sensor, humidity sensor, wind speed, motion sensors, position sensor etc.

Biosensors, general components of biosensor, biomolecules in biosensors such as enzyme, DNA, antibody, Nanomaterials in biosensors- Quantum dots.

#### Selection of sensors:

Introduction to Artificial Intelligence: Overview- foundations, scope, problems, history and approaches of AI. Intelligent agents: reactive, deliberative, goal driven, utility-driven, and learning agents, AI programming techniques. Classical AI, concept of expert system, conflict resolution, multiple rules, forward chaining, backward chaining; Advantages and limitations of AI systems.

<u>Problem-solving through Search</u>: Forward and backward, state-space, blind, heuristic, problem reduction, alpha-beta pruning, minimax, constraint propagation, neural, stochastic, and evolutionary search algorithms, bidirectional search, heuristic search, problems and examples.

<u>Knowledge Representation and Reasoning</u>: Foundations of knowledge representation and reasoning, representing and reasoning about objects, relations, events, actions, time, and space; predicate logic, situation calculus, description logics, reasoning with defaults, reasoning about knowledge, sample applications. Planning: planning as search, partial order planning, construction and use of planning graphs.

<u>Robotics</u>: Introduction to Robotics-classification with respect to geometrical configuration (anatomy), selection based on the agriculture application; Hardware for robot, sensors and actuator in robot, control of robot, system interface and integration in robot; Communication- internal and external communications; Fundamentals of microprocessor architecture; Introduction to use of open source hardware (arduino and raspberry pi); robot programming, controlling algorithmbasic on neural network; Feedback system, safety sensors; Controlled system and chain type: Serial manipulator and Parallel Manipulator. Components of Industrial robotics-precession of movement-resolution, accuracy and Repeatability-Dynamic characteristics- speed of motion, load carrying capacity and speed of response.

<u>Application in Agriculture</u>: Introduction to precision farming tools for implementation of precision agriculture; Application of site-specific management - nutrient management, agrochemicals and fertilizer management, weeds management; Application of drone- pesticides/ nutrient spraying, environmental monitoring; Yield monitoring and mapping, soil sampling and analysis; Protected cultivation - smart irrigation system; precision livestock farming, application in food processing; image processing- shape analysis, feature detection and object location; gas and chemical sensor for electronic nose and electronic tongue.

## Practical

Identify various sensors viz. Proximity sensors, ultrasonic sensors, optical sensors, electrochemical sensors and mechanical sensors; Measurement of displacement, force and pressure using different sensors; Use of load sensor on tractors to predict pulling requirements for ground engaging equipment; Introduction to open source programming languages, advantages and drawbacks of open source programming; Programming in Embedded- C, Concepts of C language; Identify various components in open source hardware (arduino and raspberry pi); Using of open source hardware and program for LED blink; Using of open source hardware and program for buzzer; Measurement of distance using ultrasonic sensor and IR sensor using open source hardware and programs; Experiment using moisture, temperature and relative humidity sensors for automatic

irrigation and protected cultivation; Detection based spraying system using ultrasound for spraying operation using opens source hardware by programming with sensor and testing; Detection based spraying system using ultrasound for spraying operation – installation on sprayer unit with actuator/sensor and testing; Learning on open source image processing software for shape analysis and object detection; Learning about the different applications of robots in agriculture; Fabrication and integration of sensors; Visit to robot fabrication facilities/workshop.

# **Suggested Readings**

- 1. Bräunl, T. 2013. *Embedded Robotics Mobile Robot Design and Applications with Embedded Systems*. Springer Berlin Heidelberg.
- 2. Craig John, J. 2005. Introduction to Robotics. Pearson Education Inc., Asia, 3rd Edition.
- 3. Ghoshal, Asitava. 2006. Robotics: Fundamental Concepts and Analysis. Oxford University Press.
- 4. Gonzalez and Wintz. *Digital Image Processing*. 3<sup>rd</sup> edn.
- 5. Jha, S. N. 2015. *Rapid Detection of Food Adulterants and Contaminants: Theory and Practice.* Elsevier, USA (ISBN 9780124200845), p266.
- Jha, S. N. (ed.). 2010. Nondestructive Evaluation of Food Quality: Theory and Practice. Springer

   Verlag GmbH Berlin Heidelberg, Germany, ISBN 978-3-642-15795-0, doi 10.1007/978-3-642-15796-7: 288p.
- 7. Nikku, S. B. 2020. *Introduction to Robotics Analysis, Control, Applications*. 3rd edition. John Wiley & Sons Ltd., 2020.
- 8. Nilsson Nils, J. 1980. Principles of Artificial Intelligence. Elsevier.
- 9. Rich, Knight and Nair. Artificial Intelligence. Tata McGraw Hill.
- 10. Saha, S. K. 2014. Introduction to Robotics. Tata McGraw Hills Education, 2014.
- 11. Schilling Robert, J. 1990. Fundamentals of robotics Analysis and control. Prentice Hall of India.

# Agricultural Structures and Environment Control

3 (2+1)

# Objective

- 1. To make the students acquainted with the different types of agricultural structures
- 2. To enable them to prepare plan and estimate for different farm structures and environment control measures.

## Theory

Farm and farmstead, farmstead planning and lay out; Environmental control- scope, importance and need, physiological reaction of livestock, environmental control, systems and design, control of temperature, humidity and air ventilation; BIS standards for dairy, piggery and other farm structures.

Farm structures- design, construction and cost estimation of farm structures, animal shelters, compost pit, fodder silo, farm fencing, implement shed, barn for cows, buffalo, poultry etc.; Greenhouses- types, poly houses /shed nets, cladding materials, plant environment interactions, design and construction of greenhouses, site selection, orientation, design for ventilation requirement using exhaust fan system, selection of equipment, greenhouse cooling and heating system.